



EN



Degree of difficulty

Instruction **RUFFLED BAG**

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Materials from Gütermann

- Sew-all Thread in matching colours

In addition

- 0.40 m solid cotton fabric or cream denim fabric, 140 cm wide
- 0.40 m lining material or solid poplin in cream
- Wadding for the handles, approx. 80 g
- Optional: Cutting paper

Tools

- Sewing machine
- Iron
- Scissors
- Ruler and tape measure
- Ruler
- Textile marker or tailor's chalk
- Pins and/or staples
- Cooking spoon or round wood, approx. 25 cm long

Size 31 x 29 x 9 cm (L x W x H)

Cutting (see schematic drawing)

- Solid cotton fabric: Front and back with bottom 1x in fabric fold; Side section, 2x; decorative strip for handle 25 x 6 cm, 2x
- Lining material: Front and rear with bottom 1x in fabric fold; side section, 2x; Handles 7 x 80 cm 2x; ruffles 110 x 7 cm 2x
- Cut all parts with a 1 cm seam allowance!

Preparation

- Mark and cut out the patterns for the front and back and the side sections directly on the fabric back or on cutting paper according to the schematic drawing.
- The markings a-b are on the front, x-y on the back of the bag.
- **Tip:** Iron in the cross marks for the decorative strip and the bottom.



1. Lay the decorative strips lengthwise right on right. Stitch the longitudinal seam in seam allowance width, stitch a transverse seam at one end. Iron the seam allowances apart. Turn the strip out of the stitched transverse seam with a spoon handle or round wood. Loosen the basting threads. Place the longitudinal seam in the middle of the decorative strip, iron the breaklines on both sides. Stitch along the breaklines at a distance of 2-3 mm with stitch length 3.5. Repeat this procedure for the second decorative strip.

Attach the decorative strips to the front and back of the bag according to the dimensions shown in the schematic drawing. Sew the vertical quilting lines, securing the start and end of the seams several times. Fix the ends of the decorative strips on the seam allowances of the bag with staple stitches.



2. Mark half the length = m on the longitudinal edges of the ruffles. Fold the narrow sides right on right at the ends and pin them. Stitch the seam, cut back the seam allowances and cut them away at an angle towards the breakline. Turn the strips over, shape the corners and iron the seam. Fold the cut edges of the ruffles flush on the left and iron the breakline.

Along the open cut edges of each ruffle, stitch two row stitches with the largest possible stitch length within the stitch allowance, leaving the start and end threads hanging at least 15 cm long. Pull the two bottom threads of the row stitches from both ends at the same time until the ruffle is 70 cm long. Knot the ends of the bottom threads. Distribute the excess length of the ruffle evenly over the entire length.



3. Attach the start and end of the ruffle at a distance of 1.2 cm from the cut edge of the upper pocket edge. Thread along the outer pockets and bottom edge on the front and back, with the cut edges of the ruffles on the cut edge of the bag. Place the marking m of the ruffle and the bottom over each other to ensure an even distribution of the ruffle width. Stitch the ruffles on the bag sides and bottom within the seam allowances. Sew on the second ruffle opposite. Fold the seams towards the bag and iron with light pressure up to the quilting line to make the ruffle folds flatter, but without ironing in any folds!



4. Cut the seam allowance diagonally at the corners on the front and back of the bag up to just in front of the seam line. Place the side section right on right on the front side pocket edge from a to b , gripping the seam allowance of the ruffles and the decorative strip in between. Next, place the bottom edges on top of each other from b to y and then place the side section on the rear bag edges from y to x . Stitch the parts in seam allowance width, including the decorative strips on the upper side sections.

Tip: Set a shorter stitch length before and after the bottom corners to prevent tearing of the corners. Sew the second side section to the front, back and bottom in the same way. Iron the seam allowances together to the front or back of the bag. Turn the bag.



5. Work the lining pocket part like the outer fabric pocket, but without the decorative strip and ruffles. Cut the seam allowances on the front and back of the bag at an angle at b and y to just before the corner. Place the right side section right on right on the front side fabric edge, the bottom and the rear side cut edge, paying attention to the insert markings. Quilt the seam.

Do the same on the opposite side, but leave a 10 cm slit open at one side seam about 12 cm after the start of the seam. Iron the seam allowances towards the side section.



6. Fold the ruffle ends at the top corners diagonally down towards the front of the bag and pin to the bag. This prevents the ruffle from being caught when the lining is turned over.

Slide the outer bag right on right into the lining pocket. The connecting seams of the front and rear sides overlap with the side sections at the upper edge. Tack the upper edges together. Stitch the seam all the way around, making sure that the ruffles are not caught. Iron the seam, then fold the seam allowances together towards the lining so that the outer fabric protrudes by approx. 1-2 mm. Iron the edge.



7. Turn the bag through the slot. Lay the seam allowances right on right on top of each other along the open slit edges in the lining in the seam course. Stitch the breaklines together with a narrow edge. Then push the outer bag into the lining pocket. Push the outer fabric with a slight protrusion towards the lining at the upper edge, fix in place with needles and iron all the way around. Turn the bag to the right. Press the bottom corners of the lining pocket snugly into the corners of the outer bag by hand.



8. Fold the handle strips lengthwise right on right, stick the cut edges onto each other. Stitch a transverse seam and the longitudinal seam of the handle in seam allowance width. Iron the seam, cut back the seam allowance at the transverse seams with a narrow edge and cut away at an angle towards the corners. Use a spoon handle or round wood to turn the handle away from the transverse seam. Also use the wood to stuff the handle firmly with filling wadding to form an evenly thick and relatively rigid sausage shape. Close the open end with hand stitches after filling. Do the same with the second handle. Thread the ends of the handles on both sides from top to bottom under the decorative strip. Fix knots at a distance of about 20-25 cm from the ends. Slide them up to the decorative strip.

